# **Emanuel syndrome**

Emanuel syndrome is a chromosomal disorder that disrupts normal development and affects many parts of the body. Infants with Emanuel syndrome have weak muscle tone (hypotonia) and fail to gain weight and grow at the expected rate (failure to thrive). Their development is significantly delayed, and most affected individuals have severe to profound intellectual disability.

Other features of Emanuel syndrome include an unusually small head (microcephaly), distinctive facial features, and a small lower jaw (micrognathia). Ear abnormalities are common, including small holes in the skin just in front of the ears (preauricular pits or sinuses). About half of all affected infants are born with an opening in the roof of the mouth (cleft palate) or a high arched palate. Males with Emanuel syndrome often have genital abnormalities. Additional signs of this condition can include heart defects and absent or unusually small (hypoplastic) kidneys; these problems can be life-threatening in infancy or childhood.

## Frequency

Emanuel syndrome is a rare disorder; its prevalence is unknown. More than 100 individuals with this condition have been reported.

# **Genetic Changes**

Emanuel syndrome is caused by the presence of extra genetic material from chromosome 11 and chromosome 22 in each cell. In addition to the usual 46 chromosomes, people with Emanuel syndrome have an extra (supernumerary) chromosome consisting of a piece of chromosome 11 attached to a piece of chromosome 22. The extra chromosome is known as a derivative 22 or der(22) chromosome.

As a result of the extra chromosome, people with Emanuel syndrome have three copies of some genes in each cell instead of the usual two copies. The excess genetic material disrupts the normal course of development, leading to the characteristic signs and symptoms of this disorder. Researchers are working to determine which genes are included on the der(22) chromosome and what role these genes play in development.

#### Inheritance Pattern

Almost everyone with Emanuel syndrome inherits the der(22) chromosome from an unaffected parent. The parent carries a chromosomal rearrangement between chromosomes 11 and 22 called a balanced translocation. No genetic material is gained or lost in a balanced translocation, so these chromosomal changes usually do not

cause any health problems. However, translocations can become unbalanced as they are passed to the next generation. Individuals with Emanuel syndrome inherit an unbalanced translocation between chromosomes 11 and 22 that introduces extra genetic material in the form of the der(22) chromosome. This extra genetic material causes birth defects and the other health problems characteristic of this disorder.

#### Other Names for This Condition

- Der(22) syndrome due to 3:1 meiotic disjunction events
- supernumerary der(22) syndrome
- supernumerary der(22)t(11;22) syndrome
- supernumerary derivative 22 chromosome syndrome

## **Diagnosis & Management**

## **Genetic Testing**

 Genetic Testing Registry: Emanuel syndrome https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C1836929/

## Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- GeneReview: Emanuel Syndrome https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1263
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Cleft Lip and Palate https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001051.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Microcephaly https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003272.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Preauricular Tag or Pit https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003304.htm

#### General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Genetic Counseling https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html

- Palliative Care https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html
- Surgery and Rehabilitation https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

#### Additional Information & Resources

#### MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Cleft Lip and Palate https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001051.htm
- Encyclopedia: Microcephaly https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003272.htm
- Encyclopedia: Preauricular Tag or Pit https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003304.htm
- Health Topic: Developmental Disabilities https://medlineplus.gov/developmentaldisabilities.html

#### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 Emanuel syndrome https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/9835/emanuel-syndrome

#### **Educational Resources**

- Disease InfoSearch: Emanuel Syndrome http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Emanuel+Syndrome/2503
- MalaCards: emanuel syndrome http://www.malacards.org/card/emanuel\_syndrome
- March of Dimes: Chromosomal Abnormalities http://www.marchofdimes.org/baby/chromosomal-conditions.aspx
- Orphanet: Emanuel syndrome http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC\_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=96170

## Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Chromosome 22 Central http://www.c22c.org/
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center: Chromosomal conditions
  - http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/chromoso.html
- Unique: Rare Chromosome Disorder Support Group (UK) http://www.rarechromo.org/

#### GeneReviews

 Emanuel Syndrome https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1263

## ClinicalTrials.gov

 ClinicalTrials.gov https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22Emanuel+syndrome%22

### Scientific Articles on PubMed

PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28emanuel+syndrome%5BTIAB%5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D

#### OMIM

 EMANUEL SYNDROME http://omim.org/entry/609029

## **Sources for This Summary**

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